答 案

Unit 1

Before You Read

2. Give the name of the following myths according to the pictures.

1) Houyi Shot the Suns　　2) Chang'e Flying to the Moon
3) the Eight Immortals　　4) Kua Fu Chasing the Sun

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Fill in the blanks according to the knowledge you've learned about Chinese mythology.

1) myths　2) religion　3) myth, legend　4) encyclopedia
5) Confucianism, Taoism, Buddhism　6) Reverence　7) Pan Gu

3. Match the information in Column A with the time period in Column B.

1) C　2) E　3) A　4) B　5) D

4. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F　2) F　3) F　4) F　5) T　6) F　7) T

Language Focus

1. Write the correct word next to its definition.

1) potion　2) extol　3) worship　4) chaos
5) intertwine　6) cult　7) gigantic　8) stifle
9) tenet　10) tapestry　11) deity　12) prophecy
13) reverence　14) reincarnation　15) hierarchy

2. Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions taken from Exercise 1 and translate the sentences into Chinese.

1) tenets: 他是信奉自然主义信条的作家之一。
2) intertwined: 医疗伦理和商业伦理常常是相互交织在一起的。
3) extolling: 颂扬祖国的歌声响彻四方。
4) worship: 他是拜金的化身。
5) tapestry: 北京是一座充满活力的现代都市，三千年的历史文化与都市的繁荣相呼应。
6) chaos: 要避免混乱就必须立即采取行动。
7) reverence: 这位老艺术家深受人民的敬仰。
8) prophecy: 他似乎有预言的天赋。
9) hierarchy: 最高法院是联邦法院等级系统中的最高机构。
10) stifled: 屋里浓烟弥漫，呛得消防队员喘不过气来。

3. Fill in the blanks in the passage with the new words you have learned in this unit.

1) Reverence　2) tenets　3) worship

4) deities 5) cults 6) pantheon

4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ...in **that** ...believe **in** relationships...
2) ...a story **handed**...
3) ...**evidence recorded**...
4) ...**imagined**.
5)...the dragon, which became **one of** the ...
6) When the Zhou dynasty came **to power**...
7) ...reverence **for**...
8) ...subjects **other** than...
9) ...including **that of** a hierarchy...
10) Among the... **themes are** the ...
11) Among his acts of creation **were** the separation... in the **heavens**, and ....
12) ...the universe consisted only **of** dark chaos in **the** form of a cosmic egg.
13) Already gigantic **in** size...
14) ...that **would bestow** eternal life...
15) The history ...before **recorded** history... based on legends, **which** are....
16) They were **widely** regarded... literature, **where** writers... inspiration, and found their resources.

Read More

1. Read Text C and finish the following exercises.

1) animals play important roles in mythology
2) slyness 3) loyalty 4) power, vitality 5) chaos, destruction
6) transformations 7) hybrids 8) Dragons

2. Match the animals in Column A with the symbolic meanings in Column B according to Chinese culture.

1) B 2) E 3) A 4) D 5) C 6) F 7) G

Unit 2

Before You Read

1. Test your knowledge about Chinese dietary culture.

1) Cantonese 2) Shandong 3) Sichuan 4) Huaiyang

2. Classify the following food into *yin* and *yang*.

foods: apple, almonds, banana, lemons, bean sprouts, tomatoes, celery, bean curd, cabbage, carrots, mushrooms, cucumber , beer

foods: cheese, ginger, garlic, onion, chocolate, eggs, coffee, shrimp, fish, beef, duck, chicken, wine

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

   1) T 2) F 3) T 4) F

3. Fill in the blanks with the information you have got from Text A.

   1) smell, freshness, blending 2) gourmet 3) Dietotherapy
   4) disequilibrium 5) preserved 6) Confucianism

4. Translate the following expressions into Chinese.

   1) “南甜北咸，东辣西酸” 2) “礼仪之邦” 3) 点心
   4) 纠正阴阳失调 5) “良药苦口” 6) 鉴别诊断

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

   1) integral 2) aquatic 3) connotation 4)gourmet
   5) Benevolence 6) disequilibrium 7) gem 8) aversion

2. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

   1) dietary 2) climatic 3) preventable 4) tranquilizing
   5) adaptability 6) socialize 7) abundant 8) medication

3. Match the words with their antonyms.

   1) C 2) A 3) B

4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

   1) Generally speaking, ...factors **by which** Chinese cooking...
   2) These three...by carful coordination of a **series** of delicate activities: selecting ingredients, **mixing** flavors, timing and cooking, **adjusting** the heat, and **laying** out the food on the plate.
   3) There are...and Huaiyang, each (being) distinctly different.
   4) Dim Sum, or Yum Cha, **as** it is....
   5) Shandong (Lu) cuisine excels **in** fish...
   6) China **has long been known**....
   7) Chinese people attach great importance **to** ....
   8) ...the most honorable guest sat **facing** the east and the last **facing** the west.
   9) **Apart from (Besides)** the seating order, there are also rules **regarding** the order ....
   10) The overriding idea ... one takes **are** intimately relevant to one’s health.
   11) Knowledge...is **contributory** to disease treatment and health care.
   12) Since a dish is made **of** ...on the exact **number** of ingredients, **nor**, in most cases, on any single item.
   13) If the season is not quite **right** ...
   14) ... because **of** their need of and desire **for** adaptability.
   15) ... are ever ready in **the** event of hardship or scarcity.
   16) Few can take exception **to** the ...

Read More

Text B

Use the scanning technique to find the answers in Text B

1) three 2) purple clay

Text C

Use the scanning technique to find the answers in Text C

1) drink 2) ambience 3) Yixing 4) compressed 5) savored

Text D

1. Fill in the blanks according to Text D

1) Jiuling 2) fashionable, artistic

2. Match the following terms with their proper explanation.

1) C 2) B 3) D 4) A

Unit 3

Before You Read

2. Pick out two words to describe women's dress in the Tang dynasty and two words for women's dress in the Song dynasty.

low-cut, extravagant; stiff, reserved

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Match the information in Column A with the time period in Column B.

1) E 2) D 3) B 4) C 5) A

3. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) F 3) T 4) F 5) T 6) F 7) F

Language Focus

1. These are the 10 key vocabulary words from Text A. Discuss their meanings with your partner and fill in the blanks with one of them.

1) epitome 2) propriety 3) flippant 4) subdue
5) ideology 6) orientation 7) lavish 8) mainstream
9) extravagant 10) literally

2. Fill in the blanks with the proper forms of the words.

1) embarrassment 2) reflection 3) exposure
4) -oriented 5) extravagance 6) epitomize

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) Chinese people place "clothing" on **the** top of...
2) **Since** the day...
3) ...the history of garments **is** also...
4) There **were** a dozen of dynasties...clothing of **its** own.

5) Shenyi, or deep garment, literally means **wrapping** the ...
6) What is worth **mentioning** is ...did not have to abide by the ...
7) ...**an** unprecedented height...
8) ...the presidents struck a pose on the stage **in** Tang costumes **at** the APEC Forum, and thus a trend of wearing Chinese-style costumes came into being.
9) The most **commonly** found garment...
10) The psychological **orientation** of the Song garment seemed to be more in line **with** the prevalent ideology of the time—a sense of **order** ...
11) Ming was the last dynasty **in** which ...
12) ..., **which** is often...
13) ...Neither **were they** as stiff **or** rigid...
14) ...the end **draping** all the way...
15) The cheongsam has its **origin** in ...
16) ...utilized a minimum **number** of stitches for the **amount** of cloth used.

Comprehensive Work

2. Complete the dialogue by translating the Chinese into English.

① In what are you most interested in China?
② Oh, describe a bit about that Chinese decoration, will you?
③ That must be it, for it really looks like a knot tied in a beautiful way.
④ a Chinese knot is a symbol of good luck and a happy family.
⑤ No wonder they are made of bright red silk thread.
⑥ Then I don't need to worry about special gifts on my Christmas list.

Read More

Text B

Use the scanning technique to find the answers in Text B.

1) the Silk Road
2) 4700
3) The Yellow Emperor
4) respect
5) mulberry
6) Lei Zu
7) birthplace

Unit 4

Before You Read

2. Identify the Eight Ancient Architectural Wonders of the World. Do research and present in groups about the splendor of each.

1) G 2) A 3) D 4) H 5) C 6) F 7) E 8) B

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Translate the terms into English.

1) the four Taoist quadrants 2) a geomancer 3) the imperial mausoleum
4) the ancestral temple 5) the Temple of Heaven 6) pagoda
7) the Mogao Grottoes 8) unity of Heaven and man

3. Fill in the blanks with the information from Text A.

1) sea; mountains 2) environment 3) pagodas 4) symmetric
5) Grottoes 6) symbolism 7) religious

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

1) popularity 2) popularize 3) continuous 4) continuity
5) symmetrical 6) creation 7) absorption 8) prominence
9) harmonious

2. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned Text A.

1) horizontal 2) subordinate 3) auspicious 4) condense
5) imperial 6) residence 7) equivalent 8) aesthetic
9) solemn 10) enhance

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ...ancient Chinese architecture **is** an important...
2) **In** contrast to Western architecture, **which** tends ... Chinese architecture stresses the width ...
3) ... when **compared** with equivalent stately buildings in the West.
4) ...the principle **that** the ...
5) Ancient Chinese architecture **features** unique timber...
6) ... thought the timber structure is **vulnerable** to fire.
7) ...a great deal of symbolism **involved**.
8) Symbolism is present in the colored **eaves** decoration...
9) The vertical ridges are symbolic of bamboo, **which** represents youth and longevity.
10) ...art treasures of **high** value.
11) The temples ... are found **scattered** around China.
12) ... successively **stand** on the axis.
13) ...could be **merged**.
14) ... all **reflect** the relationships ...and ethical standards to be observed by them ... strict order **symbolized** by constructions.
15) ...every possible way **is tried** to condense...
16) ... a rockery stands in **the** front of the gate...from getting **a** full view of the garden.

Read More

Text B

Tick the answer based on your knowledge of Chinese culture.

1) odd 2) nine 3) eight-one 4) five 5) ninety-nine

Text C

Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) F 3) T 4) T 5) F 6) F

Unit 5

Before You Read

2. Test your general knowledge about the natural heritage in our country.

1) Sichuan 2) Jiangxi 3) Guangxi, Yuanan, Guizhou
4) Yunnan 5) Hunan 6) Sichuan

3. Match the natural heritage site with the description or reason for inscription.

1) B 2) A 3) D 4) C

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

1. Match the information in Column A with the comments in Column B.

1) C 2) D 3) B 4) A

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) F 3) F 4) T 5) T

3. Translate the following back into Chinese.

1) 五岳归来不看山，黄山归来不看岳。
2) 有眼不识泰山。
3) 会当凌绝顶，一览众山小。
4) 俗称黄山四大奇观的是：奇峰、怪松、温泉、云海。

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in this text.

1) heritage 2) relic 3) pilgrimage 4) myriad 5) renown
6) grueling 7) bizarre 8) primeval 9) abound 10) limpid

2. Fill in the blanks with the proper forms of the words given.

1) botany 2) rocky 3) impregnable 4) dwarfish 5) exuberant
6) autonomy 7) serenity 8) seclusion 9) scenic

4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ... the List of World Heritage, **which** is ...
2) The sign of the scenic area **is** composed of ...

3) Words on the sign **read**...
4) To ensure a scientific ..., **the governments at different levels put them under their** unified management.
5) Situated in the... is made **up** of **snow-capped** peaks and ...
6) These scenic sites all **feature** strange peaks...
7) This area **abounds in** a wide variety of ...
8) The wonderful scenes of this area are **of worldwide renown**. OR The wonderful scenes of this area **are worldwide renowned**.
9) Famous Chinese mountains are blessed **with** not only...
10) Mount Tai...for thousands of years, **which** made it superior **over** any other mountains within China.
11) Only by ascending Mt. Tai **will you find** ...
12) Mt. Huang is unique **in that** it seems to possess ...
13) The unpredictable natural scenery lures countless painters and poets **seeking**...
14) Since ancient times, the sea-like clouds in Mt. Huang **have been** very famous
15) ... shapes, some **looking** like humans or things in real life and some **looking** like beasts and birds in animated motion.
16) Since 1986 ... applications **to** UNESCO for the ratification ...

Read More

Text B

Scan Text B once and try to fill in the blanks with proper adjectives from Text B.

1) glittering 2) evergreen 3) green 4) limpid
5) fantastic 6) stately 7) marvelous 8) exciting

Unit 6

Before You Read

2. Match the pictures with the historic sites.

① F ② E ③ C ④ B ⑤ A ⑥ D

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) T 3) F 4) T 5) F 6) F

3. Fill in the blanks with the information you have got from Text A.

(1) emperor (2) halls (3) embodiment (4) imperial
(5) axial (6) balance (7) Forbidden (8) moat

4. Match the following cultural sites with their descriptions.

1) B 2) A 3) C 4) D

Language Focus

1. Build your vocabulary: Guess the meaning of the underlined words and expressions from the context and match them with the explanation below.

   1) D 2) A 3) F 4) B 5) G
   6) E 7) J 8) H 9) C 10) I

2. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

   1) palatial 2) populace 3) analogous 4) afar
   5) embrace 6) conformity 7) supremacy 8) transmits
   9) majesty 10) spans

3. Fill in the blanks in the passage with the new words you have learned in the text.

   (1) excavations (2) Mausoleum (3) ascending (4) mausoleum (5) formations

4. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

   1) testimony 2) testify 3) testimonial 4) likened
   5) unlike 6) dislike 7) liking 8) potent
   9) plunderer

5. Provide at least TWO synonyms of the underlined word.

   1) delicately finely 2) important significant
   3) sight show 4) located placed
   5) inferred supposed

6. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

   1) ... around the world **considered** to be of ...
   2) **Unlike** other Natural and Cultural Heritage Sites...
   3) It runs across Northern China from east to west, **providing** protection... OR It runs across Northern China from east to west, **and provides** protection...
   4) The wall was built **with** different materials ...
   5) ... and could be seen from **afar**.
   6) ...in the center of **Beijing proper**...
   7) ...positioned in strict **conformity** with...
   8) The layout of the Forbidden City was **analogous to/with that of** the "Heavenly Palace".
   9) On the knob of the emperor's seal **was carved** the pattern of dragon.
   10) ... ordered that a magnificent mausoleum **(should) be built** for him immediately after he **ascended the** throne.
   11) They came to Xi'an **in droves** to...
   12) ... that they are **capable of carrying**...
   13) It was this formation **that** enabled him ...
   14) **Listing** the grottoes...UNESCO gave a formal **testimonial** to ...in 1991 to this effect.
   15) Some scholars **liken** these murals...
   16) ...relics **under** state protection.

Comprehensive Work

2. Translate the following tourist information on The Old Town of Lijiang into English.

   The Old Town of Lijiang, a well-preserved old city of ethnic minorities with brilliant culture,

is a central town of the Lijiang Autonomous County of the Naxi Ethnic Minority in Yunnan Province. The old town looks like a big ink slab, so it got the alias the Town of Big Ink Slab (Dayanzhen).

The old Town of Lijiang is a city that depends on water for existence and water is just like its blood. Black Dragon Pool (Heilongtan) is the main water source of the town and subdivides into many streams which can reach every family and every street in the town. Due to the reticular aqueducts, willow trees grow everywhere and there are almost 350 varied and inimitable bridges in the little town, some of which were built in the Ming and Qing dynasties. The usage of the water created by the local people is very scientific. They build three mouths for every well from the upriver to the downriver. The water in the first mouth is for drinking, the second one is for cleaning of the vegetables and fruits, and the last one is used to wash the clothes. The water not only meets the need of the dweller, but also gives the town a taste of gentleness. The town is reputed as the "Oriental Venice" and "Suzhou in Highland", but it is much, much more than this. Once you have visited the Old Town Lijiang, it will capture your heart for the rest of your life.

Read More

Text B

Various symbolic meanings are encoded in the construction of the Temple of Heaven. Write down the symbolic meaning of each of the following items.

1) round Heaven and square Earth
2) the four seasons
3) the twelve months
4) the 24 solar terms in traditional Chinese calendar
5) 28 constellations
6) the 36 higher war gods
7) the imperial sovereignty over the world
8) the supremacy of the emperor

Text C

Fill in the blanks with proper prepositions taken from Text C.

1) to 2) for 3) on 4) in

Unit 7

Before You Read

2. Test your knowledge about Chinese festivals and customs.

1) almanacs 2) Christmas 3) 21, 20 4) abundance
5) wealth 6) Lion Dances 7) April 8) Qu Yuan
9) 6 10) chrysanthemum

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Match the time period in Column A with the information in Column B.

1) C 2) A 3) D 4) E 5) B

3. Translate the following terms into English.

1) lucky money in little red envelopes
2) spring couplets
3) New Year pictures
4) Lion Dances

5) an intercalary month 6) the New Year feast
7) glutinous rice dumplings stuffed with various sweet fillings
8) dragon boat races
9) pyramid-shaped dumpling with glutinous rice
10) auspicious messages 11) moon cake
12) *I-Ching* (*The Book of Changes*) 13) "Height Ascending Festival"
14) enjoying the flourishing chrysanthemum

Language Focus

1. Select the proper words and fill in the blanks in the passage.
   1) Gregorian 2) equivalent 3) commemorate
   4) depart 5) synonymous
2. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.
   1) lofty 2) astrology 3) coincides 4) chrysanthemums
   5) masculine 6) equate 7) retain
3. Use the proper forms of the words to complete the sentences.
   1) grief 2) brilliance 3) timing 4) confusion
   5) plentiful 6) diversified 7) disharmony
4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.
   1) ..., so **does** China.
   2) ...there **are** two calendars in use.
   3) ... **radiating** with the brilliance of ...
   4) The solar calendar is the same calendar **as** used...
   5) Since the 12 lunar months do not equate **to** a real (solar) year ... added every **third year**.
   6) Combining the two calendars **presents** a few problems.
   7) ...when **setting** dates for ... OR ...when **they** set dates for...
   8) ...and New Year **rolled** into one.
   9) The last days of the old year are spent **cleaning** the house thoroughly and **preparing** the lunar New Year feast.
   10) Spring couplets **bearing** auspicious messages are hung on either side of the entrance **to** the house...
   11) ... and deafening firecrackers...
   12) ...and continued **uninterruptedly** for over two millennia.
   13) ...firecrackers **as** is common.
   14) The boats are dressed up..., the purpose **being** to tame the dragons **believed** to be alive...
   15) People do so just to hope for progress in everything they are engaged **in**.
   16) This festival coincides **with** the autumn equinox, **when** the moon is **at** its fullest and brightest ....

Comprehensive Work

1. Solo Work: Write a poster in English about the following situation.
   Mid–Autumn Festival Party
   A TASTY TREAT, AN UNFORGETTABLE NIGHT!!!

To celebrate the Mid-Autumn Festival, let's enjoy the full moon and eat the delicious moon cakes. For those who are far away from home, let's enjoy a special big reunion with our teachers and schoolmates.

Time: 8:00 to 10:00 p.m. Mid-Autumn Day

Place: The Students' Center

Read More

Text B

Read Text B and find the English translation for the following terms.

1) The Chinese zodiac 2) the Five Elements 3) fortune telling
4) talismans 5) palmistry 6) face reading

Text C

1. Fill in the blanks with proper prepositions taken from Text C.

1) On, with 2) for 3) out of 4) on

2. Translate the following into proper Chinese.

1) 你/您太客气了，我真不能要。
2）礼轻情意重。

Unit 8

Before You Read

2. Match the information in Column A with the translation in Column B.

1) C 2) D 3) B 4) G
5) A 6) H 7) E 8) F

3. Use the terms in Exercise 2 to identify the pictures.

① the Tang tricolor ceramics ② bronze wares
③ bonsai ④ cloisonné enamel
⑤ silk flower ⑥ lacquer wares

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) F 3) F 4) T 5) T
6) F 7) F 8) F 9) F 10) F

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

1) tenacity 2) pastime 3) devotees 4) artistry 5) forerunner
6) exquisite 7) auxiliary 8) consummate 9) alloy 10) integrates

2. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

1) devoting 2) devotee 3) devoted 4) devotion 5) artistry
6) artistic 7) artist 8) artisan 9) tenacious 10) consummation

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ... but also **with those /people** around the world.
2) Bronze craft, **which** started three millennia ago...
3) ...musical instruments, **and** the last two represented the... OR ...musical instruments, the last two **representing** the ...
4) The decorative patterns **impressed** on bronze objects...
5) Compared **with** bronze articles in other...
6) ... bronze products **by** changing the percentage ...tin **in** the composition.
7) ... had **refined** and exquisite shapes.
8) ... a crucible could **smelt** no more than...
9) ...slave workers **should have been working** at the same place (not counting the auxiliary laborers).
10) ...a longer history than **that of** porcelain products, **dating** from ...
11) ...that it took 5-6 people several years to complete **them** OR **They** took 5-6 people several years to complete.
12) ... different is **of** exquisite workmanship.
13) ... the cat's eyes may be **of** different colors on the two sides, **which** are done...
14) ...were the most common articles used ... OR ...were the articles **most commonly used** by...
15) ...the time, which **has**...
16) It is difficult to be precise **as to** when embroidery...

Read More

Text B

Fill in the blanks with the words you have got from the text.

1) evolved 2) connected 3) Han 4) nobility

Text C

Do the match-up according to Text C.

1) B 2) D 3) A 4) E 5) C

Unit 9

Before You Read

2. Match up the famous painters with their works.

1) B 2) A 3) D 4) C 5) F 6) E

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

1. Translate the terms from Chinese into English.

1) three friends of winter
2) the four skills for a learned scholar to pursue
3) hanging scrolls
4) the *gongbi* or meticulous brushwork
5) landscape painting

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) F 3) T 4) F 5) F

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

1) meticulous 2) tempered 3) tangible 4) embellishment
5) moralistic 6) symbolism 7) unassertive 8) inherent
9) absorbent 10) multitude

2. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

1) absorbent 2) absorbency 3) erasure 4) focal
5) focus 6) redundancy 7) immoral 8) moralized
9) immortal 10) complexity

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ...as two **treasured** arts in China.
2) ...as one of **the** three "quintessence of Chinese culture", the other two **being** traditional...
3) ...the practice of countless artists **has** made this traditional Chinese painting **what** it is now.
4) ...the surface **of which** is absorbent, **allowing** no erasure or correction.
5) Color is not a formal element in the design **as** in Western art.
6) Chinese painting is far less concerned ...**than** its European counterpart.
7) ...and painting, **like** the eye, cannot be ...
8) Chinese technique admits **of** no...know beforehand **what** he intends to do.
9) ..., and **having completed** the mental...
10) ..., and a mastery of technique **to be acquired** only by long practice. OR ..., and a mastery of technique **acquired** only by long practice.
11) The gongbi school **is characterized** by strict...
12) "Shanshui" means mountains and rivers, **which** stand for nature.
13) ..., the other two **being** bamboo and plums.
14) The painter's **carefully** placed signature...
15) ...people are either omitted **or** painted as embellishment.
16) The fish, **pronounced** "Yu" in Chinese, stands for plenty.

Read More

Text B

1. Translate the terms from Chinese into English.

1) the Small Seal Script 2) the Official Script 3) the Cursive Script
4) the Running Script 5) the Regular Script

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) T 3) F 4) T

3. Match the information in Column A with the information in Column B.

1) B 2) C 3) A 4) E 5) D 6) G 7) F 8) H

Text C

Do the following multiple choice questions according to what you get in Text C.

1) A 2) C 3) B 4) C 5) A

Unit 10

Before You Read

2. Fill in the blanks based on the knowledge you have about Beijing Opera.
   1) Qing dynasty
   2) *chang*, *nian*, *zuo*, *da* or singing, recitation, facial and body posturing and acting, martial arts
   3) sheng, dan, jing, chou
   4) Mei Lanfang, Shang Xiaoyun, Cheng Yanqiu and Xun Huisheng
   5) jinghu
3. Match the following terms with their explanation.
   1) B 2) C 3) A 4) D

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.
   1) T 2) F 3) F 4) F 5) T
3. Fill in the blanks with the information you have got from Text A. The beginning letter of the word to be filled in is provided.
   1) comedies 2) India 3) Beijing Opera 4) troupes
   5) Beijing 6) singing 7) exaggeration
   8) martial 9) sex 10) *dan*
4. Translate these classic Beijing Opera works back to Chinese.
   1)《赵氏孤儿》 2)《15 贯》 3)《空城计》 4)《白蛇传》
   5)《贵妃醉酒》 6)《岳母刺字》 7)《打渔杀家》 8)《二进宫》
   9)《霸王别姬》 10)《群英会》 11)《乌盆记》 12)《宝莲灯》
   13)《智取威虎山》

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.
   1) troupe 2) repertoire 3) Sanskrit 4) mimicry 5) falsetto
   6) vernacular 7) percussion 8) recitative 9) disposition 10) props
2. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.
   1) acrobats 2) disposed 3) disposition 4) stinginess
   5) percussed 6) facial
3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and correct them.
   1) ...**The** other two dramas ...
   2) ...of the Qing dynasty **that** Beijing Opera emerged.

3) Beijing Opera, **which** was once called "Peking Opera", presents the audience **with** an encyclopedia of Chinese culture.
OR Beijing Opera, **once called** "Peking Opera", presents the audience with an encyclopedia of Chinese culture
4) It gradually developed into **what** is now called Beijing Opera.
5) ..., Beijing Opera mainly **relies** on singing...
6) As time went by...OR With time **going** by...
7) ...from classic **novels which** are well known...
8) Renowned actors **playing** *chou* include...
9) ...at that time, each **having** his own...
10) ...while the **latter** provides ...
11) ...setting a hat **straight**...
12) ...instrument **used** for the accompaniment **to** Beijing Opera is jinghu.
13) ...important characteristics, **expressed through** techniques...
14) When an actor walks in a circle, it means that he has been **on** a long journey.
15) The singing ...is highly **stylized** but its variations...**enable** the actors ...
16) Since the orchestra played **loudly**, ...a **piercing** style of song ....

Read More

Text B

1. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) F 3) T

Text C

Fill in the blanks with proper prepositions and adverbs.

1) into 2) to 3) in 4) at, of

Unit 11

Before You Read

3. Match the persons with their title.

1) b 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) c

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

1. Translate the following terms into English.

1) TCM (Traditional Chinese Medicine) 2) observation
3) auscultation and olfaction 4) interrogation
5) pulse feeling and palpation 6) the five elements
7) channels

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) T 2) T 3) F 4) T 5) F 6) F

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

1) oriented 2) acute 3) immune 4) heals 5) manifested
6) Dialectics 7) versus 8) interrogation 9) correspondence
10) Pentagon

2. Please fill in the blanks with the antonyms of the words given.

1) disharmony 2) imbalances 3) acute 4) restraining 5) contractive
6) extinguish 7) internal 8) malfunction

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ... concept **that** the human body is a small universe with ...**closely-related** subsystems.
2) **In case of** any imbalance... and then illness **occurs**.
3) TCM theory pays more attention to **assisting** the balance of the human body and **letting** its ...
4) ... how to **diagnose** and prevent diseases...
5) It was believed **that** the relative balance ...
6)...to anything **in** existence...
7) ...therefore one cannot exist without **the other**.
8) There are two main cycles **involved**...
9) The *Ke* Cycle is oriented **with** an emphasis **on** control...
10) ...**as other** natural phenomena.
11) ...methods, each **having** their distinctive...
12) ...and **smelling** the odor of excreta...
13) ...from Western medicine **for** acute illness...
14) After observing the phenomenon, **ancient people grouped all conflicting ideas into *Yin* and *Yang***.
15) To treat diseases, **doctors use** the methods of ...
16) If balance is **restored**, the person heals.

Read More

Text B

1. Translate the following terms into English.

1) herbal medicine 2) acupuncture
3) moxibustion 4) cupping
5) massage 6) guasha

2. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text B.

1) manipulation 2) therapeutic 3) acupuncture 4) imbalance
5) healing 6) immune

Unit 12

Before You Read

1. Please match the English words with their Chinese equivalent.

1) E 2) D 3) B 4) C 5) F 6) A

2. Test your knowledge about Confucius and Confucianism. Fill in the blanks with the correct answer.

1) golden 2) uneducated 3) Confucianism 4) Lu
5) the Spring and Autumn Period 6) Latinized 7) styled
8) disciples 9) civil 10) orthodox

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) F 3) T 4) T 5) F 6) T 7) T

3. Match these key figures in Confucianism with their ideas.

1) a 2) c 3) b

4. Translate these works back to Chinese.

1)《论语》 2)《大学》 3)《中庸》 4)《尚书》 5)《礼记》 6)《春秋》

Language Focus

1. Build your vocabulary.

A. Write the correct word next to its definition.

1) mandate 2) attribute 3) magnanimity
4) compliance 5) exhort 6) piety

B. Use the proper forms of the words in Part A to complete the sentences.

1) complied 2) attributed 3) pious
4) magnanimous 5) mandatory 6) exhortation

2. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition or adverb.

1) with 2) of 3) of 4) from 5) with
6) from 7) to 8) in 9) on 10) with

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ...more **a** philosophy than **a** religion.
2) For Chinese people Confucianism is some **sort** of "state religion".
3) ..., Confucius, **in** the company of his disciples...who might employ him and **practice** his doctrines.
4) The Confucian philosophy, **mostly** encoded ...**forms** the foundation of ... speculation **on** the ...
5) ... can be summarized as **follows**:
6) Confucius attributed all the good qualities **to** this great virtue of man.
7) Do not do to others **what** you ...
8) ... is exhorted to refrain **from** acting ...
9) A mandateless ruler **need not be** obeyed. OR A mandateless ruler **does not need to be obeyed**
10) A set of duties **is** prescribed to each role ...
11) Confucianism was forbidden during the **shortly-lived** Qin dynasty.
12) **Despite its** loss of influence... OR **In spite of** its loss of influence...
13) ... but **that** it can be regenerated through moral education.

14) Dong Zhongshu believed **in** a close...
15)...than **what** had existed before.
16) ... can be summed up **under** this one word "*Ren*".

Comprehensive Work

2. Translate the following Chinese into English.
   1) Do not do to others what you wouldn't like them to do to you.
   2) Confucius said, "Isn't it a pleasure to learn and then review what you've learned from time to time? Isn't it a joy to meet friends from afar? Isn't he a man of virtue, who doesn't feel annoyed when others do not understand him?"
   3) Confucius said, "When traveling in company of two other people, I could find my teachers. I would learn from their good points and guard against their bad ones."
   4) Bad fortune is what good fortune leans on.
      Good fortune is what bad fortune hides in.

Read More

1. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.
   1) F 2) F 3) T
2. Match the figures with their ideas.
   1) b 2) a

Unit 13

Before you Read

Listed in the following box are terms concerning religious practice. Try to tell the meaning of these words from the context and write the correct word next to its definition.

1) assimilation	2) enlightenment/nirvana	3) ritual
4) denomination	5) pilgrimage	6) doctrines
7) Precept	8) serenity	9) reincarnation
10) adherence	11) meditation	12) karma
13) immortality	14) commandment	15) metaphysical

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

Text B

1. Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions you have learned in text A.
   1) Confucianism, Buddhism, Taoism 2) Chinese Buddhism, Tibetan Buddhism
   3) meditation 4) analogies
   5) Sui and Tang 6) men
   7) paradise, hell
2. Choose the correct answer to complete the statement.
   1) B 2) A 3) D 4) A 5) B

3. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) T 3) F 4) F 5) F

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the words or expressions you have learned in text A.

1) void 2) zenith 3) assimilate 4) humanize
5) scripture 6) compassionate 7) stingy 8) elevates

2. Choose the suitable words in the box to replace the underlined word in the sentence with their proper forms.

1) interact 2) excluded 3) void 4) pilgrimage
5) dictation 6) revert 7) reap 8) serenity

3. Complete the sentences with one of the phrases in the box.

1) is composed of 2) are subjected to 3) are bound to 4) blend with
5) attributed... to

4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) Chinese religion primarily composed three main traditions: Confucianism, Taoism and Buddhism.
2) It is very rare for only one to practice to the exclusion of the others.
3) The introduction of Buddhism to China was a great event in the development of Chinese culture and Buddhism itself.
4) All living things are locked into a karmic cycle where they are subject to face the results of their deeds and bound to repeated incarnations until they attain liberation.
5) All life is suffering is a key Buddhist precept.
6) Worshipping gods do not bring enlightenment, neither do good deeds (although these may bring good karma).
7) This is a state of absolute serenity that the soul is free of all desires and is united with the forces of eternal harmony.
8) Only in nirvana all pain and suffering cease.
9) Most Chinese people are accustomed to make pilgrimage to the temples on the first and fifteenth day of each month.
10) The basic difference between Chinese Buddhism and Indian Buddhism lies in that one attaches importance to the Buddha or to man.
11) She is usually in white which suggests peacefulness and serenity.
12) Chinese religion is a general term used to describe the complex interaction of different religions and philosophical traditions that had been especially influential in China.
13) Chinese religions, dislike many Western religions, are not organizations that demand the exclusive adherence to their members.
14) Between incarnations in physical worlds there are various hells and heavens where souls may go through to clear a karmic debt or reap some reward.
15) Buddhist philosophy does not attribute human wrongdoing to sin, but ignorance.
16) When Buddhism was first introduced into China, in order to overcome linguistic and conceptual

barriers, analogies were adopted by Chinese Buddhist scholars to translate or explain a Buddhist idea or term.

Read More

Text B

Skim Text B and do the exercises.

1) low 2) legacy 3) universal 4) Ren 5) hungry
6) naked 7) homeless 8) oppress 9) bully 10) insult
11) despise 12) deceive

Text C

Complete the statements after reading Text C.

1) enforced 2) personal 3) wealth

Unit 14

Before you Read

2. Learn the following terms and try to match up the words and expressions in the two columns.

1) D 2) H 3) A 4) F 5) C 6) B 7) I 8) E 9) J 10) G

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

1) F 2) F 3) T 4) F 5) T 6) F 7) F 8) T

3. Translate the following words or expressions into Chinese.

1) 象形字 2) 指示字 3) 会意字
4) 形声字 5) 假借 6) 转注
7) 汉字六书 8) 阴平 9) 阳平
10) 上声 11) 去声

4. Do exercises on associative compounds.

苗 抓 囚 从 林

5. Identify the following pictographic words.

云 雨

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

1) maturation 2) annotated 3) flamboyant 4) vernacular
5) supplanted 6) property 7) antithetical 8) perspective
9) stimulus 10) per se

2. Match up the words with their explanation according to the context.

1) A, B 2) B, A, C

3. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words given.

1) grammatical 2) prescriptive 3) prescriptions 4) inflectional 5) emergence

4. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

1) ...by the greatest **number** of people.
2) ...Xu Shen classified them **into** six categories.
3) ...by having meanings **expressed** through...
4) ...such as "西" that **resembled a** swarm of birds **perching** in trees, and **meant** previously the same as "栖".
5) ...though **involving** the skills of sculpture...
6) **As** the Chinese characters have a single syllable...
7) The **artful employment** of the character "朝" and "长" ...
8) The Western script is generally incomprehensible **by** itself.
9) Take for instance a poem **describing** birds.
10) ...documents **printed** in different languages...
11)...similar to saying...
12) **Given** that grammar is rarely taught to Chinese children and **that** the language is uninflected...
13) ... highly word-order **dependent** rather than **based** on rules per se.
14) ...in 1956 for **nationwide** use in schools.
15) ... of two segments, one graphic, and **the other** phonetic.
16) **With** respect to connotations the Western character is abstractly rational **while** the Chinese script ...

Comprehensive Work

2. Translate the following paragraph into English.

The Chinese characters constitute one of mankind's oldest systems of writing, and have the most users in the world. There are many Chinese characters, totaling about 60,000, with about 6,000 basic ones.

Chinese characters have a long history. The oldest Chinese characters discovered till now are jiaguwen (ancient Chinese characters carved on tortoise shells or animal bones), dating back 3,400 years, which were already mature characters.

Chinese characters originate from pictures for keeping records. From ancient to modern times, the form and structure of Chinese characters has changed a lot. The current script of Chinese characters is kaishu (regular script).

There are mainly four word-formation methods as follows:

Pictography refers to the method to draw the form of a thing, such as 月, 羊.

Self-explanatory characters are made up by adding self-explanatory symbols on pictographs, or totally made up of symbols, such as 刃, which is made up by adding a point on the cutting edge of a knife, pointing out the position of the blade.

Associative compounds are combination of two or more symbols to represent a new character with a new meaning. For instance, 休 is a person leaning against a tree, meaning "rest".

Pictophonetic method is a word-formation method combining one element of a character indicating meaning and the other, sound, into a new word. Form element indicates the word's meaning and characteristic. Phonetic element indicates the pronunciation of the word. For example, 湖(lake) is composed of three dots indicating water and 胡, indicating the sound. Most Chinese characters

are pictohonetic.

In history, Chinese characters were borrowed by Korea, Japan, and Vietnam, thereby promoting international communication. In modern times, Chinese people have by many means solved the problem of inputting Chinese characters into computers to serve information processing. It has been borne out that Chinese characters are of vigorous vitality.

Read More

Text B

2. Tell whether the following statements are true or false.

1) F 2) F

Text C

1. Fill in the blanks and trace the development of Chinese national language.

1) Peking 2) Beijing Dialect 3) Putonghua 4) Putonghua 5) Putonghua

Text D

1. Read the following passage and finish the following exercises.

1) recognize, remember, write 2) standardize 3) strokes
4) 2000 5) Tai Wan Province, Hong Kong

2. Give the simplified character of the following complex characters.

醜	丑
遲	迟
導	导
兒	儿
雜	杂

Unit 15

Before You Read

2. Test your knowledge about Chinese literature.

1) The Book of Songs; 305 poems 2) Qü Yuan
3) Li Bai 4) Guan Hanqing
5) Pu Songling
6) Outlaw of the Marsh (the Water Margins) by Shi Nai'an
Romance of the Three Kingdoms by Luo Guanzhong
Pilgrim to the West by Wu Cheng'en

3. Give the Chinese equivalent of the following terms.

1) “九歌” 2) “木兰辞” 3) “静夜思” 4) “卖炭翁” 5) “水调歌头” 6)《西厢记》

4. Match up the works with their authors.

1) d 2) c 3) e 4) b 5) a

After You Read

Knowledge Focus

1. Tell whether the following statements are true or false. Write T if the statement is true and F if it is false.

   1) F 2) T 3) F 4) F 5) F 6) F

2. Match the following items.

   A.

   1) B 2) B 3) C 4) C 5) C 6) D

   7) A 8) B 9) A 10) C

   B.

   1) —B 2) —C 3) —A 4) —E 5) —F 6) —G 7) —D

Language Focus

1. Fill in the blanks with the following words or expressions you have learned in Text A.

   1) antiquity 2) onset 3) revere 4) nomadic

   5) fatuous 6) lavish 7) heyday 8) assemblage

   9) perpetual 10) exploits

2. Choose the proper prepositions and fill in the blanks.

   1) on 2) through 3) with 4) to 5) to 6) with

3. Error Correction: Each of the following sentences has at least one grammatical error. Identify the errors and make corrections.

   1) ...I am a man of **letters**, that I never tried to earn an honest **living**.

   2) ...literature **that** originated from folk songs before **the** written Chinese language even existed.

   3) **All traditional** forms of Chinese poetry...

   4) It contains 305 **poems created** over ... OR It contains 305 poems **that were created** ...

   5)...officials **whose** job was to ...

   6) There was also a rule **requiring** officials OR There was also a rule **that required**...

   7) Afterwards Qu Yuan went **into** exile ...

   8) There was no limitation **to** sentence structures.

   9) ...the style **being** fresh, graceful and restrained. OR...love songs, and the style was fresh, graceful and restrained.

   10) An example of one **reflecting** the spirit most fully is "The Ballad of Mulan", **which** sings...

   11) In many aspects the Tang poetry surpassed all **that** had preceded it.

   12) **Li Bai abounded with** ...

   13) ... many of **which** can be recited by children.

   14) It was after long years of development **that** the Chinese ...

   15) He created over 60 plays, **of** which 18 still exist.

   16) Only in the Song dynasty **did** earliest novels ...

Comprehensive Work

3. Translate the following passage into Chinese.

巴金获推选角逐2001年诺贝尔文学奖

美国诺贝尔文学奖中国作家提名委员会最后做出决定：推选中国著名作家巴金角逐公元2001年诺贝尔文学奖。

中国作家提名委员会在写给巴金的信中，称赞巴金为中国当代最为杰出的作家和思想家，他大半个世纪以来的文学创作，奠定了享誉世界的崇高声望和国际文化界尊崇的优异基础。

信中说，诺贝尔文学奖的设立已经将近一个世纪。世界上许多国家的作家都获得过这项荣誉。虽然许多中国作家创作了无与伦比的伟大作品，可是由于众多可知和不可知的原因，中国作家始终和诺贝尔文学奖无缘。这不得不说是诺贝尔文学奖的遗憾。

信中称赞巴金的一生为自由、为民主、为人类心灵的解放、为人性的恢复而奔走号呼，为追回人类的良知而始终在不遗余力地奋斗，他对人性和人类尊严的执着探讨和神圣理解，已经被载入了当代中国文化的史册。

诺贝尔文学奖中国作家提名委员会成立于2000年1月28日，总部设在康州，是一所非赢利的民间组织，由中国旅美作家冰凌、哥伦比亚大学东亚系学者王海龙联合担任主席。

Read More

Text B

Scan the passages and do the exercises with the knowledge you get from Text B.

1) pen　　2) three　　3) Cry Out

Text C

Scan the passages and do the exercises with the knowledge you get from Text C.

1) the Creation Society　　2) theme　　3) China